

## 1. Description

The 40N06 is the highest performance trench N-ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent RDSON and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications. The 40N06 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement, 100% EAS guaranteed with full function reliability approved.

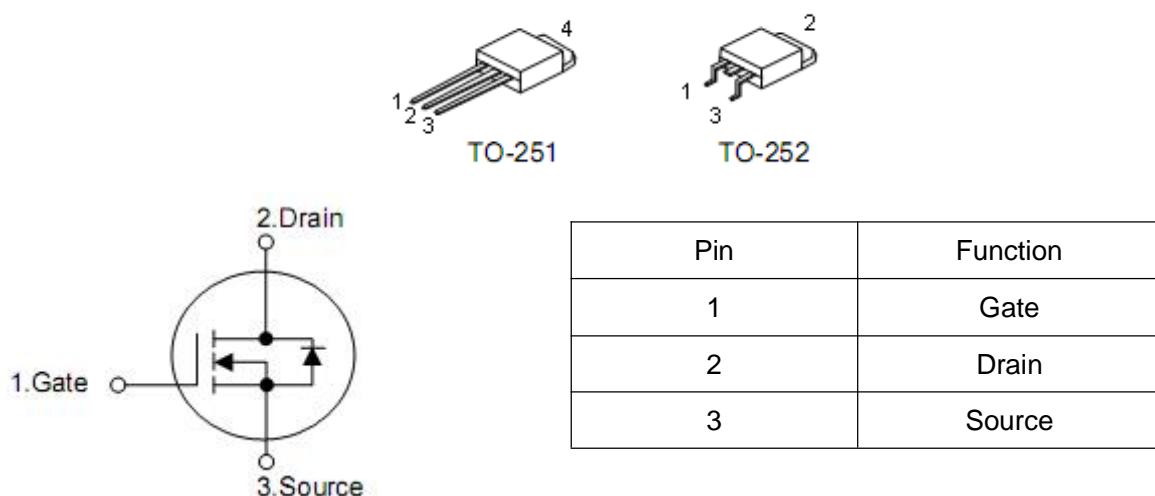
## 2. Features

- $R_{DS(on)} = 14\text{m}\Omega$  @  $V_{DS} = 60\text{V}$
- Advanced high cell density Trench technology
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Excellent Cdv/dt effect decline
- 100% EAS Guaranteed
- Green Device Available

## 3. Applications

- High Frequency Point-of-Load Synchronous Buck Converter for MB/NB/UMPC/VGA
- Networking DC-DC Power System
- LCD/LED back light

## 4. Symbol



## 5. Absolute maximum ratings

| Parameter                                     | Symbol    | Rating     | Units |
|---|-----------|------------|-------|
| Drain-source voltage                          | $V_{DS}$  | 60         | V     |
| Gate-source voltage                           | $V_{GS}$  | $\pm 20$   | V     |
| Continuous drain current,<br>$V_{GS} @ 10V^1$ | $I_D$     | 38         | A     |
|   |           | 30         | A     |
| Pulsed drain current <sup>2</sup>             | $I_{DM}$  | 80         | A     |
| Single pulse avalanche energy <sup>3</sup>    | $E_{AS}$  | 67         | mJ    |
| Avalanche current                             | $I_{AS}$  | 28         | A     |
| Total power dissipation <sup>4</sup>          | $P_D$     | 45         | W     |
| Operation junction temperature range          | $T_J$     | -55 to 150 | °C    |
| Storage temperature range                     | $T_{STG}$ | -55 to 150 | °C    |

## 6. Thermal characteristics

| Parameter   | Symbol          | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|-----------------|-----|-----|------|
| Thermal resistance, Junction-ambient <sup>1</sup> | $R_{\theta JA}$ | --  | 62  | °C/W |
| Thermal resistance, Junction-case <sup>1</sup>    | $R_{\theta JC}$ | --  | 2.8 |      |

## 7. Electrical characteristics

( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter  | Symbol                                     | Test Conditions  | Min | Typ   | Max       | Units                      |
|--|--|--|-----|-------|-----------|----------------------------|
| Drain-source breakdown voltage                     | $\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$                   | $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$   | 60  | -     | -         | V                          |
| $\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$ temperature coefficient   | $\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$ | Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>$I_{\text{D}}=1\text{mA}$                                   |     | 0.057 |           | $\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$  |
| Static drain-source on-resistance <sup>2</sup>     | $R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$                 | $V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=15\text{A}$  |     | 14    | 18        | $\text{m}\Omega$           |
|  |  | $V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=10\text{A}$   |     | 16    | 20        |                            |
| Gate threshold voltage                             | $V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$                 | $V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$                                       | 1.2 |       | 2.5       | V                          |
| $V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$ temperature coefficient | $\Delta V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$          |  |     | -5.68 |           | $\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Drain-source leakage current                       | $I_{\text{DSS}}$                           | $V_{\text{DS}}=48\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$<br>$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$                    |     |       | 1         | $\mu\text{A}$              |
|  |  | $V_{\text{DS}}=48\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$<br>$T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$                    |     |       | 5         | $\mu\text{A}$              |
| Gate- source leakage current                       | $I_{\text{GSS}}$                           | $V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$  |     |       | $\pm 100$ | nA                         |
| Forward transconductance                           | $g_{\text{fs}}$                            | $V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=15\text{A}$   |     | 45    |           | S                          |
| Gate resistance                                    | $R_g$                                      | $V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$                                |     | 1.7   | 3.4       | $\Omega$                   |
| Total gate charge(4.5V)                            | $Q_g$                                      | $V_{\text{DS}}=48\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$<br>$I_{\text{D}} = 12\text{A}$             | -   | 17.6  |           | nC                         |
| Gate-source charge                                 | $Q_{\text{gs}}$                            |  |     | 5.35  |           |                            |
| Gate-drain charge                                  | $Q_{\text{gd}}$                            |  |     | 6.81  |           |                            |
| Turn-on delay time                                 | $t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$                  | $V_{\text{DD}}=15\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=1\text{A},$<br>$R_G=3.3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$ |     | 15.5  |           | ns                         |
| Rise time  | $t_r$                                      |  |     | 2.2   |           |                            |
| Turn-off delay time                                | $t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$                 |  |     | 72.8  |           |                            |
| Fall time  | $t_f$                                      |  |     | 3.8   |           |                            |
| Input capacitance                                  | $C_{\text{iss}}$                           | $V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V},$<br>$f=1\text{MHz}$                          |     | 2423  |           | pF                         |
| Output capacitance                                 | $C_{\text{oss}}$                           |  |     | 145   |           |                            |
| Reverse transfer capacitance                       | $C_{\text{rss}}$                           |  |     | 97    |           |                            |
| Single pulse avalanche energy <sup>5</sup>         | EAS  | $V_{\text{DD}}=25\text{V}, L=0.1\text{mH},$<br>$I_{\text{AS}}=15\text{A}$                        | 19  |       |           | mJ                         |
| Continuous source current <sup>1,6</sup>           | $I_s$                                      | $V_{\text{G}}= V_{\text{D}}=0\text{V},$<br>Force current   |     |       | 38        | A                          |
| Pulsed source current <sup>2,6</sup>               | $I_{\text{SM}}$                            |  |     |       | 80        | A                          |
| Diode forward voltage <sup>2</sup>                 | $V_{\text{SD}}$                            | $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{S}}=1\text{A}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$                          |     |       | 1         | V                          |

Note:1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 20Z copper.

2.The data tested by pulsed, pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ ,duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

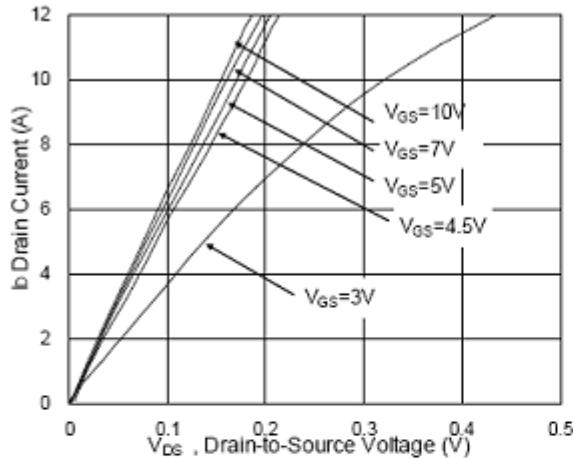
3.The EAS data shows Max.rating.The test condition is  $V_{\text{DD}}=25\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, L=0.1\text{mH}, I_{\text{AS}}=28\text{A}$

4.The power dissipation is limited by  $150^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature

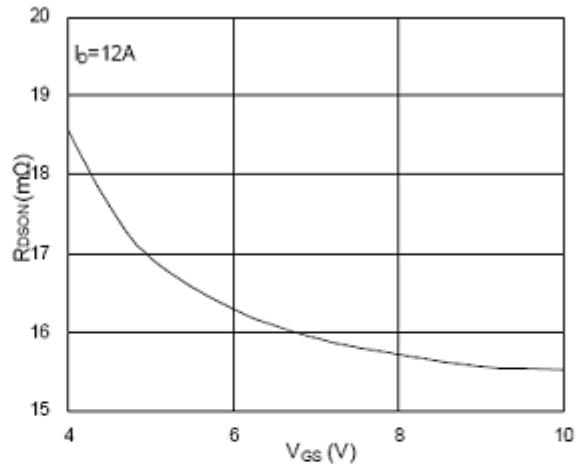
5.The Min. value is 100% EAS tested guarantee.

6.The data is theoretically the same as  $I_{\text{D}}$  and  $I_{\text{DM}}$ ,in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

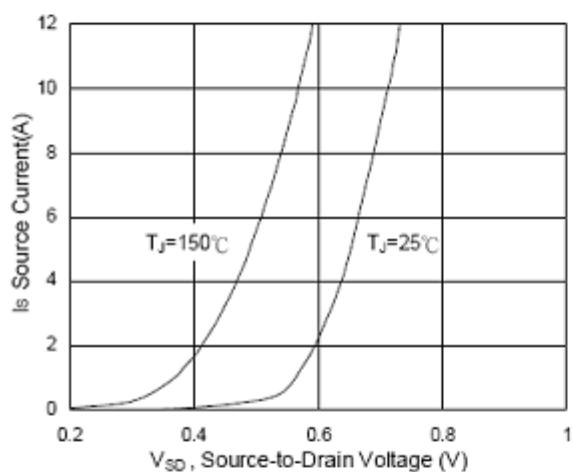
## 8. Test circuits and waveforms



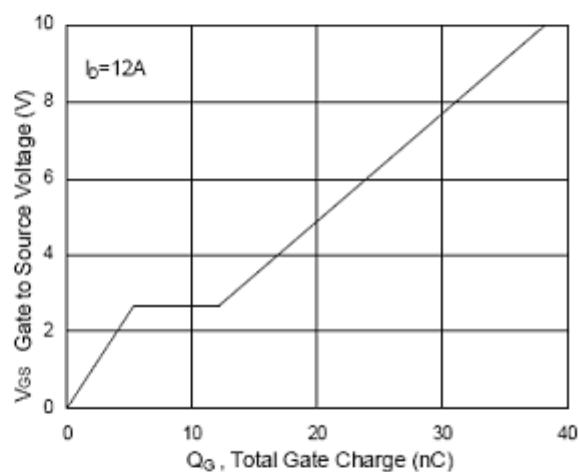
**Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics**



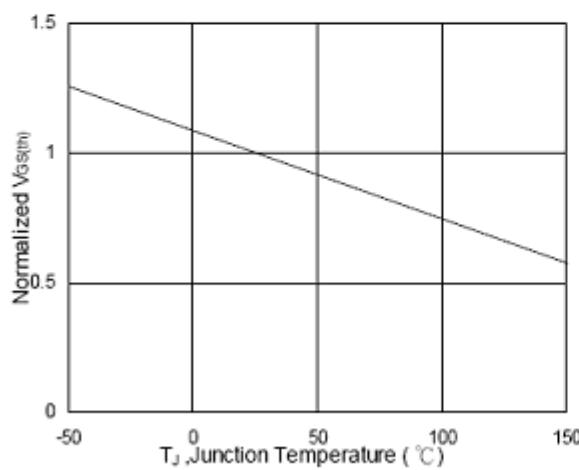
**Fig.2 On-Resistance v.s Gate-Source**



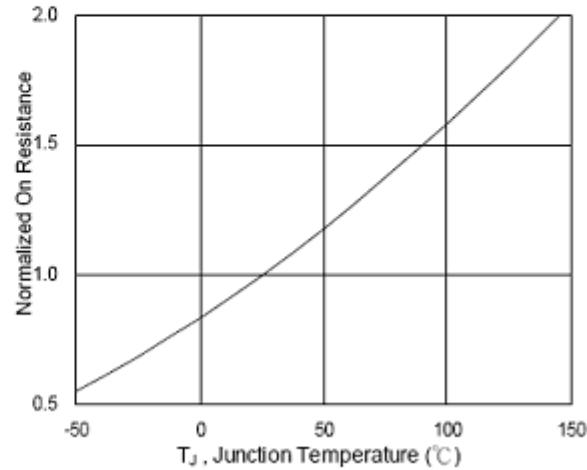
**Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse**



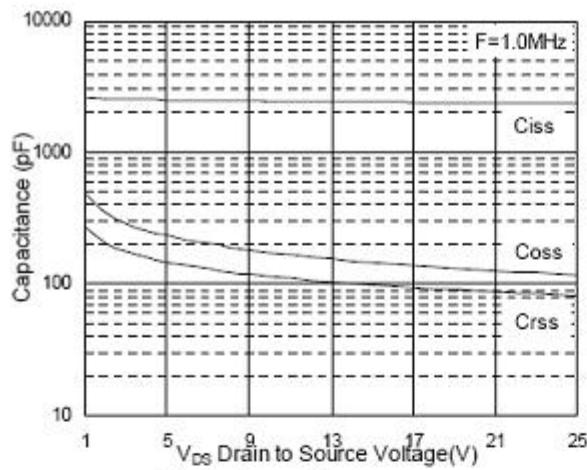
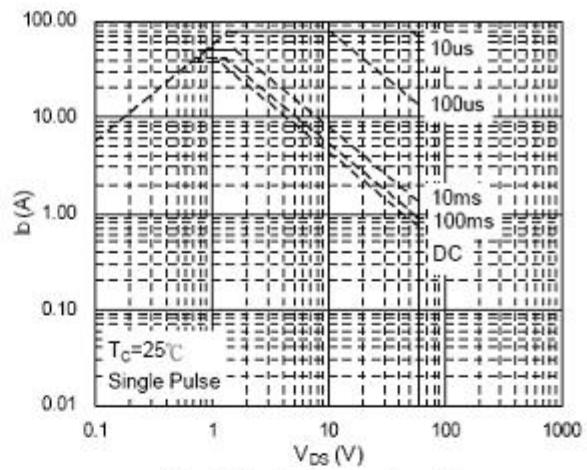
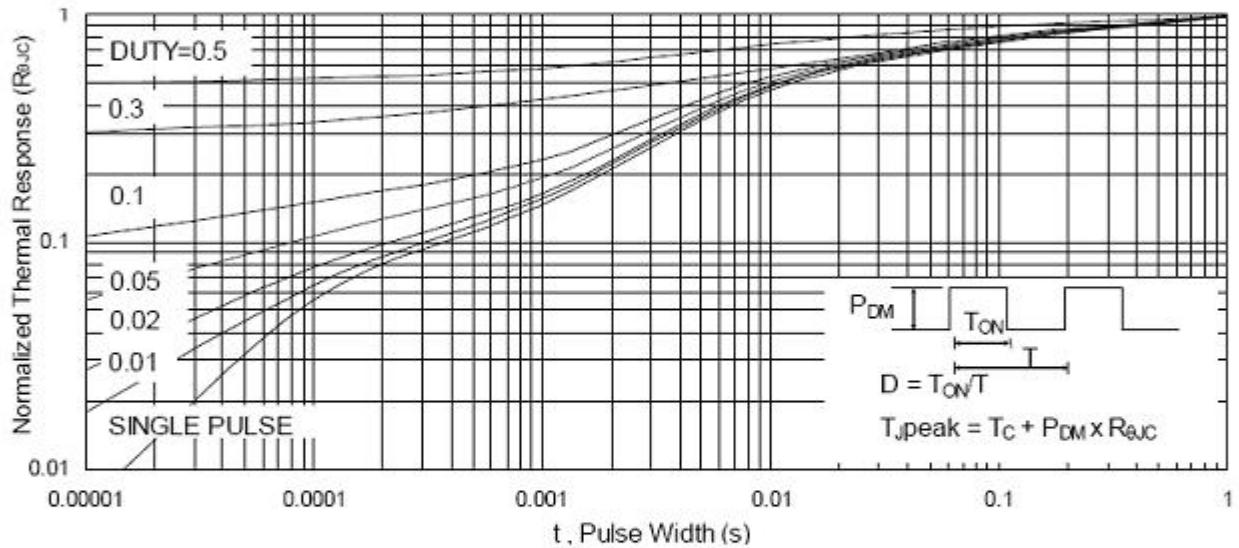
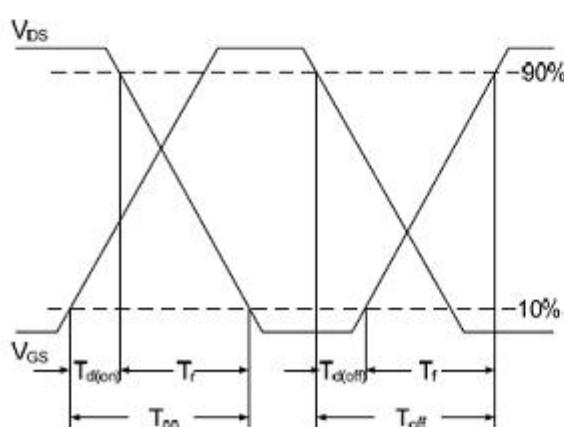
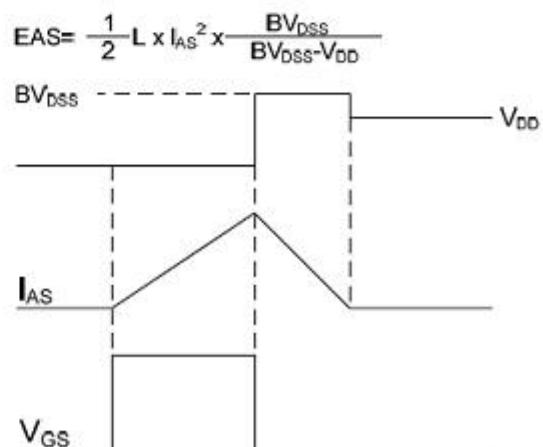
**Fig.4 Gate-Charge characteristics**



**Fig.5 Normalized  $V_{GS(th)}$  v.s  $T_J$**



**Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DS(on)}$  v.s  $T_J$**


**Fig.7 Capacitance**

**Fig.8 Safe Operating Area**

**Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**

**Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform**

**Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Waveform**